## The Haulage Tractor

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#### Road map

- "Short Haul" transport
- ◆ The "Haulage Tractor"
- Haulage Tractor regulations
- The way forward
  - New legislation
    - Drivers licence
  - Public Roads
  - Drive axle loads
- Discussion

### The transport chain (60's)

- Extraction vehicle
- Ag Tractor
- ◆ Truck Tractor
- Gap for 0.5km 15km

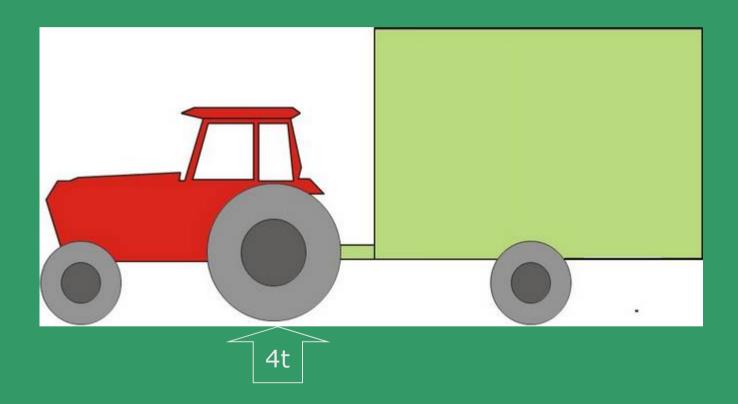
#### **Short Haul**

- Agricultural Tractor
  - In field
  - Low speed
  - Low payload
  - Short distances
  - Few regulations
  - High cost c/t.km



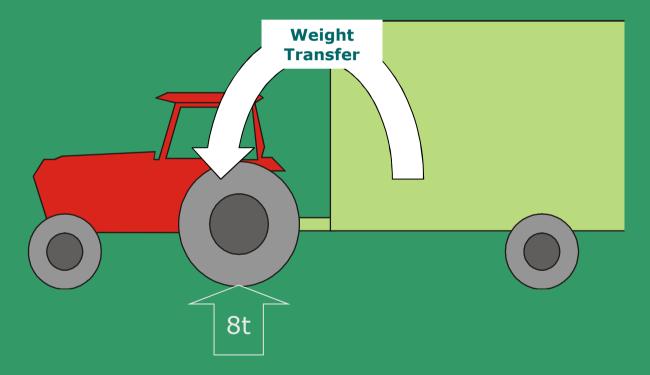
# Ag tractor - trailer

Ag tractor-trailer had a traction limitation



## Weight transfer

◆ To increase traction and payload weight transfer hitches were designed



◆Over the years many configurations have evolved, we refer to them as "Haulage Tractors"

#### **Short Haul**

- Haulage Tractor
  - In Field and on road
  - Higher speed
  - High payload
  - Longer distance
  - Lower cost c/t.km



Unfortunately, this vehicle was illegal!

## Illegal Option

- Ag Tractor was **NOT** legal to carry loads
  - A complete misunderstanding
- An imposed load classified the Ag Tractor as a Truck Tractor
  - Not possible to meet the regulations
    - ◆ High speed brakes, power to mass etc
- Illegal vehicles developed
  - There were many years of legal battles

### Timber transport Short haul

Options Available

- Agricultural Tractor
- Haulage tractor
- Truck Tractor





#### "Haulage vehicle"



- They have stood the test of time, but operated outside the law
- ◆ They; "perform well", fill a gap in the market and mostly operate short haul <15km
- In 2003 NDOT decided to create a category for this vehicle and develop some regulations for it

### Haulage Tractor

legalising process involved:

- Sugar
- Timber
- CSIR
- SANRAL
- NDoT plus Provinces
- Agri SA
- Road Freight Association (a real battle)
- Alta Swanepoel & Jack Webster
- ♦ Bell, Dezzi and ....

### Haulage Tractor

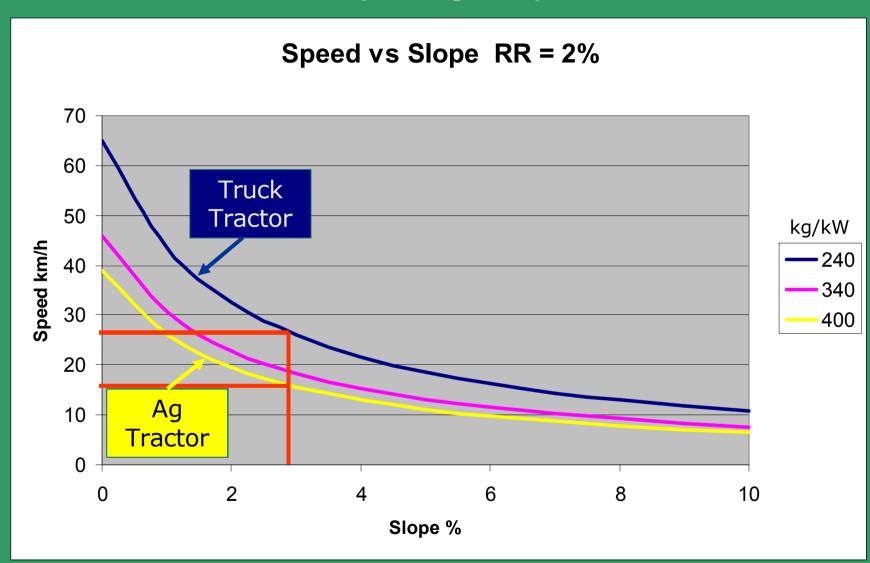
legalising process

- No compromise, it must:
  - be safe
  - not damage the road
  - be economical (capital & operating)
- Need to set up specifications / regulations

### Vehicle Performance

Vehicle Parameters					
INPUTS			Road information		
Road Slope	1.5	%	Rolling Resistace	RR	
Engine Power	153	kW	Smooth tar	1.2	
RR Coefficient	4	%	Rough tar	2	
Coefficient of traction	0.8		Smooth gravel	3	
Transmission Eff.	85	%	Sand & Mud	10	
GCM	56000	kg	Traction	СОТ	
Drive axle load	8000	kg		Dry	Wet
Front axle load	2788	kg	Tar new & sharp	0.8	0.5
OUTPUTS			Tar travelled	0.6	0.5
Resistance to motion & Traction			Trafic polished	0.6	0.45
Rolling resistance	22.0	kN	Excess tar	0.5	0.3
Grade resistance (Whole rig)	8.2	kN	Indices		
Total resistance	30.2	kN	Power to Weight ratio	367	kg/kW
			Axle Mass Factor	14.3	
Traction	62.8	kN	Vehicle speed (Max)	15.5	km/h
Excess traction	32.6	kN	% Mass of Tractor on Front Axle	25.8	%
Load On Drive Axle	8.00	tons	Gross vehicle Weight	56	tons

Mass: Power ratio (400kg/kW)





- Traction tests in Mpumalanga and Gerotek
  - Drive axles must carry at least 16.6% of the GCM
  - GCM 6 times the drive axle load



- Brakes < 40km/h</p>
- Stability < 40km/h</li>
- Not permitted on freeways

- Tractor combination with GCM > 24t
   will be classified as a Haulage Tractor
- Drivers Licence, EC and (PDP)
- Vehicle Licence, same as truck tractor
- Slow moving Vehicle, < 40km/h (governed)</p>
- Brakes, SABS 1447 spec, pneumatic from tractor brake
- Annual COF
- Existing axle loads and bridge formulae

- Front axle must carry at least 20% of the mass of the tractor axles (history shows that this is safe)
- GCM could be 6 times the drive axle load
  - GCM
    - ♦ 2WD 48 000kg
    - ♦ 4WD 56 000kg

### New legislation

- Haulage tractor regulations
  - Drivers license
- Public Roads
- Haulage tractor association
- The way forward
  - New legislation
    - Drivers licence
  - Public Roads
  - Drive axle loads

# The Haulage Tractor

